MENDOCINO COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS UKIAH, CALIFORNIA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

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R. J. RICCIARDI, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Mendocino Council of Governments Ukiah, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mendocino Council of Governments, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Mendocino Council of Governments' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mendocino Council of Governments, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Directors Mendocino Council of Governments - Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 to 7 and 25 to 30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Mendocino Council of Governments' basic financial statements. The supplementary information on pages 31 to 33 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedules on pages 34 and 35 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

San Rafael, California January 22, 2018

This presents management's overview of the financial activities of Mendocino Council of Governments ("the Council") for Fiscal Year (FY) 2016/17, ended June 30, 2017. The discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the Council's audited financials, which comprise the Council's official financial statements of record.

The required financial statements, required supplemental information, and additional supplemental information in the audit report are listed in the Table of Contents and described in the "Notes to Basic Financial Statements." All sections must be considered together to obtain a complete understanding of the financial picture of the Council and all funds held in trust by the Council.

Economic Trends

One major indication of the economic climate is the sales tax. Actual revenue from sales tax to the Local Transportation Fund continued a trend of economic recovery since the recession that began in 2008. Local sales tax revenues have remained above \$3 million for five consecutive years now, reaching \$3.4 million in FY 2014/15, and dipping to \$3.3 million (down 2.0 percent) in FY 2015/16. FY 2016/17 revenue approached \$3.5 million (up 3.7 percent).

The Council's management has been encouraged by the steady sales tax revenues, a core source of Council funding. Other indicators are revenues that originate from gasoline taxes through federal and state funding sources, which have been trending downward. Alternative revenue streams are being tested, notably the California Road Charge Pilot, which was completed in 2017. Meanwhile, the Legislature has been addressing the statewide transportation funding crisis. Senate Bill 1, the Road Repair and Accountability Act was signed into law in April 2017, investing over \$5 billion a year in state and local transportation needs.

Overall, funding sources available to the Council have remained fairly stable during the economic recovery. New opportunities are available from SB 1 programs. Planning grants have continued to be active over the past several years, as management has consistently delivered grant products and helped to secure new grants that benefit the Council's membership and the region. Added to these were the new Active Transportation Program state grants, so that for the first time, the Council is going beyond planning to build an infrastructure project, in response to crucial safety needs.

Net position has been typically in the range of \$1.5 million in Governmental funds and \$3.5 million in Fiduciary funds. Last year the Governmental net position was \$1 million and in FY 2016/17 dropped below \$1 million, as a result of planned equipment purchases for the SAFE call box program. Fiduciary funds have gradually increased to approximately \$5 million.

The Council's management will continue to carefully monitor expenditures and remain committed to sound fiscal practices so as to deliver the highest quality of service to the citizens of the countywide region.

Fund Classifications

In all, the Council manages 15 separate fund accounts held in trust by the County of Mendocino as specified by the Council's Joint Powers Agreement (and partly by state law). The audit report classifies them as either Governmental Funds or Fiduciary Funds. These are presented separately in the statements. The reader will find more detailed descriptions of these funds and accounting policies in the Notes section prepared by the independent auditor.

The Governmental Funds, also known as Special Revenue Funds, provide the operational revenues that pay for the Council's services, which are Administration, the Transportation Planning Overall Work Program (OWP), and Mendocino Service Authority for Freeway Emergencies (SAFE). These services are supported by specific program revenues from apportionments and grants made through the State of California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) and California Transportation Commission (CTC), from program allocations made by the Council for the countywide region, and from vehicle registration fees collected by the California Department of Motor Vehicles. These nine Governmental or Special Revenue Funds account for most of the Council's activities and are presented individually with their budgets under Supplemental Information.

The Fiduciary Funds are those held in trust for allocation to Council activities and to other entities for which the Council acts as an agent. These are in two categories: 1) Expendable Trust and 2) Agency Funds. Fiduciary Fund activity is detailed under Supplemental Information representing the other six funds: LTF, STA, RSTP, LTF Bicycle & Pedestrian fund and Reserves.

The Expendable Trust funds are:

- The Transportation Development Act (TDA) mandated funds, which consist of the Local Transportation Fund (LTF), from the quarter-cent transportation sales tax, and State Transit Assistance (STA), from statewide sales of diesel fuel and excise taxes on gasoline; and
- The Regional Surface Transportation Program (RSTP) funds, which originate from the federal transportation authorizing legislation and that the Council typically opts to exchange for slightly more flexible State funds. The Council has authority to allocate the entire RSTP Mendocino County apportionment for regional transportation uses, not necessarily to other units of government. The Council's current policy is to allocate most, but not all, of the RSTP revenues to its member governments by formula. The Council maintains a Partnership Funding Program for projects of regional significance. Additionally, a portion is set aside for a Regional Project Manager providing Local Assistance, with a small fund supporting local direct costs.

There are two Agency Funds (refer to Council policy):

- The LTF-derived Capital Reserve Fund, which is set aside for claiming by Mendocino Transit Authority (MTA) based on their Five-Year Capital Program of infrastructure and vehicle replacement, as allowed under TDA statutes; and
- The Council's LTF Reserve Fund, which is meant to fulfill transit allocations in the event budget estimates do not materialize as actual tax revenues, or to provide for extraordinary costs, for the benefit of Mendocino Transit Authority.

The Council's fiduciary LTF Two Percent Bicycle & Pedestrian Program fund is considered "due to" the original Local Transportation Fund (LTF), the Expendable Trust fund from which the program revenues were allocated. The cash balances of both Reserve funds also are considered "due to" the LTF fund, detailed on Page 35.

Capital Assets & Long-Term Liabilities

In the Council's case, the only capital assets are the SAFE program's motorist aid call boxes and associated computer equipment, which are represented separately from the SAFE fund in the Statement of Net Position and further detailed in Note 4 – Capital Assets.

The Council does not engage in debt financing to fund its operations or programs, and so does not have any long-term liabilities.

Analysis of Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds revenue was \$1,396,855, an increase of \$6,402 over the previous fiscal year, mainly due to an increase in state aid. Expenditures were \$1,610,387, a decrease of \$45,729. Table 1 shows the Net Position of the Special Revenue Funds compared to FY 2015/16.

Table 1
Governmental Net Position at June 30

	 2017	 2016	 Change			
Current assets Capital assets, net of depreciation Total assets	\$ 868,331 492,418 1,360,749	\$ 1,010,976 621,508 1,632,484	\$ (142,645) (129,090) (271,735)			
Current liabilities Total liabilities	 485,860 485,860	 414,634 414,634	 71,226 71,226			
Net position Invested in capital assets Restricted Total net position	\$ 492,418 382,471 874,889	\$ 621,508 596,342 1,217,850	\$ (129,090) (213,871) (342,961)			

Net position comprised the following:

- Cash and investments of \$556,820 in the County of Mendocino Treasury;
- Current receivables, including reimbursements, grants, and apportionments, totaling \$310,511;
- Current liabilities, including accounts payable, claims, and other amounts due currently, totaling \$485,860;
- Depreciated capital assets of \$492,418. (refer to Page 22)

The Council does not have any Governmental assets considered to be unrestricted that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by legal requirements. Each of these funds is segregated by its intended use for the particular revenues and is considered restricted to those uses. In August 2015, the Council adopted fiscal policies in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, detailing fund balance classifications within the restrictions as defined.

Administration

The Council allocated \$412,138 from the Local Transportation Fund for administration of all the Council's activities, including the third year of a new contract effective October 1, 2014 as a result of the Council's procurement for Administrative & Fiscal Services, with a scheduled inflation increase of 1.5 percent. This budget had remained at the same level for five successive fiscal years, an indication of management's careful use of public monies and efforts to contain costs. The cost increased in FY 2014/15 due to efficiencies lost by the separation of administration and planning contractors. Most of the Administration budget is allocated to the contract for administrative staffing, office and equipment, with the remainder to direct costs. The budget for Direct Costs was reduced from \$60,000 to \$50,000, to previous levels before the uncertainties of the prior two years.

Planning

Over the past several years, the Transportation Planning Overall Work Program (OWP) typically has had a budget of approximately \$1.6 million annually (refer to the Governmental Funds for sources). In FY 2015/16, this was increased to \$2,047,233 due to a multi-year Active Transportation Program grant of more than \$1 million. In FY 2016/17, the budget decreased to \$1.75 million. The OWP funded 16 project work elements that benefited the five member agencies, Mendocino Transit Authority, and Caltrans. In FY 2015/16 there were 19 work elements.

SAFE Program

The Mendocino SAFE motorist aid call box program has faced a series of technical and legal issues and challenges that has delayed implementation over recent years. The adopted Five-Year Financial Plan budgets for revenue and expenditures. Revenues have been steady or rising at about \$100,000 annually from vehicle license fees countywide. The cash fund balance had accumulated nearly \$1 million in 2013; this began to be reduced as expenditures to implement the SAFE Plan made significant progress during FY 2013/14 through 2015/16. The plan was close to full implementation in FY 2016/17 and a new five-year plan was adopted in March 2017 to reflect operation and maintenance of the system.

More than \$800,000 of new equipment purchases were made and installed by Mendocino SAFE on the state highways during this four-year period, increasing the depreciated capital asset by over 228 percent, from \$149,984 to \$492,418. This included the first call boxes in the nation using satellite technology, testing and demonstrating early adoption of equipment for use in remote areas where little or no cellular reception is available.

Table 2
<u>Changes in Governmental Net Position</u>

	2017	2016	Change
Expenses Planning and administration Total expenses	\$ 1,645,732	\$ 1,402,063	\$ 243,669
	1,645,732	1,402,063	243,669
Revenues Program revenues:			
Local Transportation Funds DMV Fees	517,138	516,900	238
	107,844	104,981	2,863
Aid from State Governments Total program revenues	767,058	765,918	1,140
	1,392,040	1,387,799	4,241
General revenues: Use of money and property	4,815	2,654	2,161
Total general revenues Total revenues	4,815	2,654	2,161
	1,396,855	1,390,453	6,402
Change in net position	\$ (248,877)	<u>\$ (11,610)</u>	\$ (237,267)

Contacting the Council's Financial Management

This annual financial report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, member local governments, and funding agencies with a general overview of finances under the Council's authority. Please direct any questions about this report to Mendocino Council of Governments, Attn. Administration, 367 North State St., Suite 206, Ukiah, CA 95482. Further contact information is available at the Council's website: www.mendocinocog.org.

Prepared by Janet M. Orth, Deputy Director/CFO

Mendocino Council of Governments <u>STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u> June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 557,820
Accounts receivable	310,511
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	492,418
Total assets	1,360,749
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	307,301
Accrued expenses	178,559
Total liabilities	485,860
Net position:	
Invested in capital assets	492,418
Restricted	382,471
Total net position	<u>\$ 874,889</u>

Mendocino Council of Governments <u>STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Net (Expenses)			
				Revenues and			
				Changes in			
		Program	Revenues	Net Assets			
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Governmental			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	& Contributions	Activities			
Governmental Activities:							
Planning and administration	\$ 1,645,732	\$ -	\$ 1,392,040	\$ (253,692)			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,645,732	\$ -	\$ 1,392,040	(253,692)			
General revenues: Use of money and property				4,815			
Total general revenues				4,815			
Change in net position				(248,877)			
Net position beginning				1,217,621			
Prior period adjustment				(93,855)			
Net position beginning restated				1,123,766			
Net position ending				\$ 874,889			

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET

Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2017

													Special						
	Local		DDM		PA State		CAFE		A 1 .	C.			Planning	Inf	rastructure		Federal		77 . 1
	 lanning		PPM		lanning		SAFE	_	Admin	Sta	ate Grants		Projects		Grant		Planning	_	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>																			
Current assets:																			
Cash and investments	\$ 156,986	\$	147,177	\$	-	\$	147,315	\$	104,748	\$	923	\$	671	\$	-	\$	-	\$	557,820
Accounts receivable	 	_		_	89,890	_		_		_	146,146	_		_	74,249	_	226	_	310,511
Total assets	\$ 156,986	\$	147,177	\$	89,890	\$	147,315	\$	104,748	\$	147,069	\$	671	\$	74,249	\$	226	\$	868,331
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE																			
Liabilities:																			
Accrued expenses	\$ -	\$	-	\$	44,276	\$	-	\$	-	\$	95,180	\$	-	\$	39,063	\$	40	\$	178,559
Accounts payable	 38,301		91,973		45,614	_	13,540	_	30,798		51,889				35,186	_		_	307,301
Total liabilities	 38,301		91,973		89,890		13,540		30,798		147,069				74,249	_	40	_	485,860
Fund balances:																			
Restricted	 118,685		55,204			_	133,775	_	73,950			_	671			_	186		382,471
Total fund balances	 118,685		55,204			_	133,775	_	73,950			_	671			_	186	_	382,471
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 156,986	\$	147,177	\$	89,890	\$	147,315	\$	104,748	\$	147,069	\$	671	\$	74,249	\$	226	\$	868,331

Mendocino Council of Governments Reconciliation of the

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET

with the Governmental Activities STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 382,471
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net	
Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above	
because of the following:	
<u>Capital Assets</u>	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or	
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental	
Funds.	 492,418

874,889

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Local lanning	 PPM	A State	_	SAFE		Admin.		State Grants	P	pecial lanning rojects	In	nfrastructure Grant		Federal Planning		Total
Revenues:																	
Local transportation fund	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	412,138	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	517,138
Aid from state governments	-	145,000	287,779		-		-		260,030		-		74,249		-		767,058
DMV Fees	-	-	-		107,844		-		-		-		-		-		107,844
Interest and other income	 816	 938	 _	_	2,538		523		_		_	_			_		4,815
Total revenues	 100,816	 145,938	 287,779	_	110,382	_	412,661	_	260,030			_	74,249	_	5,000	_	1,396,855
Expenditures:																	
Services and supplies	 89,157	 208,165	 286,706		264,523		426,413		261,139		2	_	74,249		33		1,610,387
Total expenditures	 89,157	 208,165	 286,706		264,523		426,413		261,139		2	_	74,249	_	33		1,610,387
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																	
over (under) expenditures	 11,659	 (62,227)	 1,073	_	(154,141)	_	(13,752)	_	(1,109)		(2)	_		_	4,967	_	(213,532)
Fund balances beginning of period	107,212	117,431	-		287,916		87,702		-		633		-		(4,781)		596,113
Prior period adjustments	 (186)	 -	 (1,073)		-		-		1,109		40	_	-	_	-		(110)
Fund balances beginning of period restated	 107,026	 117,431	 (1,073)		287,916		87,702		1,109		673	_	-	_	(4,781)		596,003
Fund balances at end of period	\$ 118,685	\$ 55,204	\$ _	\$	133,775	\$	73,950	\$		\$	671	\$		\$	186	\$	382,471

Reconciliation of the

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

with the

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (213,532)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

The capital outlay expenditures are therefore added back to fund balance 113,285

Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance (148,630)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ (248,877)

Mendocino Council of Governments STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trust		Agency Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and investments	\$ 3,770,149	\$	273,016
Accounts receivable	1,219,828		-
Due from other funds	447,727	_	174,711
Total assets	5,437,704	\$	447,727
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	591,650		-
Due to other funds			447,727
Total liabilities	591,650	\$	447,727
NET POSITION			
Held in trust	4,846,054		
Total net position	\$ 4,846,054		

Mendocino Council of Governments STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trust
Revenue:	
Taxes	\$ 4,408,688
Allocations	64,107
Interest	24,905
Total revenue	4,497,700
Expenditures:	
Administration, planning, bicycle & pedestrian	635,202
Capital projects	230,234
Local allocations and project awards	533,335
Senior operations	461,852
MTA operations	2,724,564
Total expenditures	4,585,187
Change in net position	(87,487)
Net position, beginning of period	4,933,541
Net position, end of period	\$ 4,846,054

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY

Mendocino Council of Governments (the Council) was created pursuant to a joint powers agreement between the County of Mendocino and the Cities of Fort Bragg, Point Arena, Ukiah and Willits, as a Regional Transportation Planning Agency to provide regional transportation planning activities for the area of Mendocino County. The Council is also responsible for the administration of the Transportation Development Act Funds (Local Transportation and State Transit Assistance Fund) that were created under the State Transportation Development Act (TDA). The Council does not exercise control over any other governmental agency or authority. Criteria used in determining the reportable entity was based on control or dependence determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

In 1994, the Council's governing board established the Service Authority for Freeway Emergencies (SAFE) within its authority and includes SAFE in its reporting entity. The Council's Board has direct control over the activities of the SAFE Board.

Dow & Associates and Davey-Bates Consulting (DBC) were hired under a thorough procurement process resulting in two new, separate five-year contracts starting October 1, 2014. Dow & Associates services include administration and other support, such as grant writing assistance, local assistance to member agencies and project development. DBC provides transportation planning services and related support. Dow & Associates has worked with the Council for more than 30 years. DBC comprises staff members previously employed by Dow & Associates, providing continuity to the Council.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Council conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and are applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

A. Basis of Presentation

The Council's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the U.S.A. These standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Council. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Council, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Council and for each function of the Council's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

A. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> (continued)

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs; (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program; and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

The Council's financial statements reflect only its own activities; it has no component units (other government units overseen by the Council).

Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements of the Council are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Special Revenue Fund operations are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. The Council's resources are accounted for based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or meets the following criteria:

Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures (or expenses) of the individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.

Governmental Funds

Local Planning Fund: This fund accounts for local planning work elements. The major revenue source for this fund is Local Transportation Funds and interest income. Expenditures are made for local planning projects.

PPM Fund: This fund accounts for state transportation improvement planning, programming and monitoring projects. The major revenue source for this fund is state grants. Expenditures are made for state and regional transportation improvement projects.

RPA State Planning Fund: This fund accounts for Rural Planning Assistance (RPA) provided by the State for mandated transportation planning projects. The major revenue source for this fund is state grants. Expenditures are made for regional planning projects.

SAFE: This fund accounts for Service Authority for Freeway Emergencies. The major revenue source for this fund is state vehicle license fees. Expenditures are made for administration, operations and capital programs.

Administration Fund: This is one of the operating funds of the Council. The major revenue source for this fund is Local Transportation Funds. Expenditures are made for administration.

State Grants Fund: This fund accounts for transportation planning projects. The major revenue source for this fund is state grants. Expenditures are made for state, regional and local planning projects.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> (concluded)

Federal Planning Fund: This fund accounts for transportation planning projects. The major revenue source for this fund is federal grants. Expenditures are made for state, regional and local planning projects.

Special Planning Projects Fund: This fund was originally established to account for allocations from the Regional Surface Transportation Program (RSTP) fund to the Council's transportation planning program. The Council has revised its RSTP policies so that there are no further allocations for planning activities. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the fund balance consisted of unspent residual amounts and accumulated interest earnings. Beginning in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the fund was used to pass through revenues from a Safe Routes to School state grant program administered on behalf of the County of Mendocino. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016, the fund was used to pass through revenues from a state-funded interregional project, the Northwest California Alternative Fuels Readiness Plan. There was no activity in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Infrastructure Grant Fund: This fund accounts for the design and construction of a multi-use trail in Round Valley.

B. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available."

The Council considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as *expenditures* in governmental funds.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are LTF Claims, grants and interest revenue. Charges for services are not susceptible to accrual because they are not measurable until received in cash.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Council gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Council may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The Council's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for Special Revenue Funds.

Special Revenue Funds - The Council annually adopts a budget for administration, planning, and SAFE. The various planning funds are budgeted through the preparation of the transportation planning overall work program (OWP). This work program describes the projects, or work elements, that are to be funded and the types of funds that will pay for the expenditures, such as Local Transportation, Rural Planning Assistance, State grants, and Federal Transit Administration (FTA) grants. The work program, in draft form, is prepared by Davey-Bates Consulting; reviewed and recommended by the Technical Advisory Committee; submitted for comment to the State of California, Department of Transportation (Caltrans) in March; approved by the Council in June; and the final work program is submitted to Caltrans by June 30. Caltrans, as the grantor of all state and federal planning funds, approves the work program, which then becomes part of the budget for operating funds of the Council. The Mendocino Service Authority for Freeway Emergencies (SAFE) agency separately approves a budget for its motorist aid call box program in a five-year plan.

Expendable Trust Funds - There are three expendable trust funds, the Local Transportation Fund (LTF), the State Transit Assistance Fund (STA), and the Regional Surface Transportation Program Fund (RSTP). The LTF funds are available for transit, pedestrian and bicycle, administration of the Regional Transportation Planning Agency, transportation planning, and streets and roads. The STA funds are available for transit purposes. The eligible recipients are the Council, the County of Mendocino, the Cities of Fort Bragg, Point Arena, Ukiah and Willits, and Mendocino Transit Authority.

The process for delivering the LTF and STA funds to the various recipients is as follows:

- The Mendocino County Auditor-Controller estimates the amount of funds to be available in the LTF, and notifies the Council by February 1 of each year.
- The Council determines how much funding it will need for the planning work program and administration of the Transportation Development Act (TDA), as well as how much of the funds will be reserved for pedestrian and bicycle facilities. The Council then determines the split of LTF funds between the County and the Cities based upon the population amounts provided by the State of California Department of Finance. Each recipient is then notified of the amount of LTF funds available in its area of apportionment (apportionment being the process of dividing the funds based upon population). Mendocino Transit Authority then submits a claim for LTF funds as a joint powers of eligible claimants, with transit needs required to be met before any streets and roads funds can be claimed.
- The Council acts upon the one annual transit claim, adopting resolutions, and preparing allocation instructions that notify the recipient of the funds approved, and notifies the Mendocino County Auditor-Controller of what expenditures are approved, and when they are to be paid.

The STA process is similar, except that the estimate is made by the State of California Controller's Office, and the funds cannot be used for administration, streets and roads, or pedestrian and bicycle facilities. Mendocino Transit Authority is the only eligible claimant.

June 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (concluded)

D. Fiduciary Fund Types

These funds account for assets held by the Council as a trustee or agent for other units of government. Private purpose trust funds are used by the Council for the following purposes:

Local Transportation Fund (LTF) - This fund is utilized by the Council, as trustee, to receive the 1/4 of 1% retail sales tax that is returned to each county by the State Board of Equalization. These funds are apportioned and allocated by the Council to eligible claimants for transit, transportation planning, and for administration of the TDA. While it is legal to allocate LTF funds for street and road purposes under certain conditions, the Council has adopted a Local Transportation reserve fund policy that precludes any street and roads allocations.

State Transit Assistance Fund (STA) - This fund is utilized by the Council, as trustee, to receive tax derived from statewide sales of diesel fuel and excise tax on gasoline. Each county receives its share of these funds based upon a population and operator revenue formula. These funds are allocated by the Council to transit operators.

Local Transportation Reserve Fund (LTRF) - This fund is utilized by the Council, as trustee, to account for excess Local Transportation Funds that have not been allocated for a specific purpose. According to the Council's adopted policy, the minimum balance shall be established at the larger of \$100,000 or five percent of the Mendocino County Auditor's official LTF estimate for the next fiscal year, and the excess will be rolled into the upcoming fiscal year's LTF budget estimate for immediate allocation. This fund is to be used for LTF revenue shortfalls and for existing approved services or programs provided by Mendocino Transit Authority.

Regional Surface Transportation Program Funds (RSTP) - This fund is utilized by the Council, as trustee, to receive federal gas tax revenues passed through the State of California. The Council has elected to exchange almost all RSTP funds for State funds in current and prior years. These funds are used for the Council's Partnership Program, local assistance and transportation projects that improve and maintain streets, roads and highways in Mendocino County. The programmatic component breakdown for the net position held in trust is as follows:

- Partnership Funding Program \$904,007
- Local Assistance \$112,115
- Formula Distribution \$1,968,607
- Unassigned \$221,769
- Total at June 30, 2017: \$3,206,498

Capital Replacement Reserve Fund - This fund is utilized by the Council for transit capital equipment and facilities equipment, consistent with a five-year capital plan as allowed by TDA.

E. Use of Estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and as such, include amounts based on informed estimates and judgments of management with consideration given to materiality. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Council maintains a cash and investment pool with the County of Mendocino. The County of Mendocino allocates interest to the various funds based upon the average monthly cash balances. The Council's cash on deposit with the Mendocino County Treasury at June 30, 2017 was \$556,897 reported in governmental activity type funds and \$4,043,165 reported in fiduciary type funds.

Credit Risk, Carrying Amount and Market Value of Investments

The Council maintains specific cash deposits with the County of Mendocino (the County) and involuntarily participates in the external investment pool of the County. The County is restricted by state code in the types of investments it can make. Furthermore, the County Treasurer has a written investment policy, approved by the Board of Supervisors, which is more restrictive than state code as to terms of maturity and type of investment. Also, the County has an investment committee, which performs regulatory oversight for its pool as required by California Government Code Section 27134. The County's investment policy authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's investment pool. At June 30, 2017, the Council's cash with the County Treasurer is stated at fair value. However, the value of the pool shares in the County that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the Council's position in the pool.

Credit Risk - Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The actual ratings as of June 30, 2017 are provided by Standard and Poor's except as noted. None of the Council investment types are rated.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Council categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the Council as of June 30, 2017:

Investment Type	Level 2	Е	xempt	Total
Mendocino County Treasurer's Pool	\$ 4,600,062	\$	_	\$ 4,600,062
Total cash and investments	\$ 4,600,062	\$		\$ 4,600,062

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed.

Capital assets at June 30, 2017 comprised the following:

		Balance at						alance at
	Jur	ne 30, 2016	A	dditions	De	letions	Jun	ie 30, 2017
Equipment	\$	723,472	\$	113,285	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	836,757
Total		723,472	\$	113,285	\$	_		836,757
Less accumulated depreciation		(101 , 964)						(344,339)
Fixed assets, net	\$	621,508					\$	492,418

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that all capital assets with limited useful lives be depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro-rata share of the cost of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method, which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$148,630. The Council has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Equipment and furniture

5 Years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Capital assets with a value of \$5,000 or more and with a useful life of one year or more are capitalized.

NOTE 5 - <u>INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS</u>

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 2017, interfund balances comprised the following:

	Due]	Due To	
RPA State Planning	\$	_	\$	-
LTF Reserve		-		108,748
Capital Reserve		-		338,979
Local Transportation Fund		447,727		-
State Grants		-		-
STPd (1) Planning		-		-
Federal Planning				
Total	\$	447,727	\$	447,727

NOTE 6 - CONTINGENCY

The Council receives revenue from Federal, State and Local agencies that have requirements to be followed when expending these revenues. If the requirements are not followed, the unauthorized expenditures would be a liability to be refunded to the appropriate agency.

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

GASB Statement No. 54 added the concept of Net Position, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis. On August 31, 2015 the Council adopted by resolution its fiscal policies in compliance with GASB 54.

The Statement of Net Position breaks out net position as follows: Restricted describes the portion of Net Position that is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions that the Council cannot unilaterally alter. Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position that is not restricted from use. The Council has only Restricted funds under its authority.

Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt, describes the portion of Net Position that is represented by the current net book value of the Council's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

The accompanying basic financial statements reflect certain changes that have been made with respect to the reporting of the components of Fund Balances for governmental funds. In previous years, fund balances for governmental funds were reported in accordance with previous standards that included components for reserved fund balance, unreserved fund balance, designated fund balance, and undesignated fund balance. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, the components of the fund balances of governmental funds now reflect the component classifications described below. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are reported in the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid items or supplies inventories, or that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as principal endowments.

<u>Restricted</u> fund balance includes amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by outside parties (i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors) or that are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> fund balance includes amounts whose use is constrained by specific limitations that the government imposes upon itself, as determined by a formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors serves as the Council's highest level of decision-making authority and has the authority to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment via minutes action.

<u>Assigned</u> fund balance includes amounts intended to be used by the Council for specific purposes, subject to change, as established either directly by the Board of Directors or by management officials to whom assignment authority has been delegated by the Board of Directors.

<u>Unassigned</u> fund balance is the residual classification that includes spendable amounts in the General Fund that are available for any purpose.

NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Council evaluated subsequent events for recognition and disclosure through the date which these financial statements were available to be issued. Management concluded that no material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2017 that requires recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

NOTE 9 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The prior period adjustment of (\$93,755) was to correct the under recording of depreciation in the prior year. The adjustment of (\$110) was to close out prior year expenses related to completed projects.

Local Planning Fund

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

D.		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenue:	Φ.	121 222	ф	407.202	Ф	100.000	Ф	(07.202)	
Local transportation fund	\$	131,333	\$	187,393	\$	100,000	\$	(87,393)	
Interest						816		816	
Total revenue		131,333		187,393		100,816		(86,577)	
Expenditures: Service and supplies Total expenditures		131,133 131,133	_	187,393 187,393	_	89,157 89,157		98,236 98,236	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	200	\$	_		11,659	\$	11,659	
Fund balance, beginning of period						107,212			
Prior period adjustment					_	(186)			
Fund balance, beginning of period restated					_	107,026			
Fund balance, end of period					\$	118,685			

PPM Fund

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Original Budget	Final Budget			Actual		Variance vith Final Budget
Revenue:							
Aid from state governments	\$ 230,667	\$	262,092	\$	145,000	\$	(117,092)
Interest	 				938		938
Total revenue	 230,667		262,092		145,938	_	(116,154)
Expenditures:							
Service and supplies	230,667	_	262,092		208,165		53,927
Total expenditures	 230,667	_	262,092	_	208,165	_	53,927
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 	\$	_		(62,227)	\$	(62,227)
Fund balance, beginning of period					117,431		
Fund balance, end of period				\$	55,204		

RPA State Planning

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget
Revenue:								
Aid from state governments	\$	322,000	\$	342,238	\$	287,779	\$	(54,459)
Total revenue		322,000		342,238		287,779		(54,459)
Expenditures:								
Service and supplies		322,000		342,238		286,706		55,532
Total expenditures		322,000		342,238	_	286,706	_	55,532
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		\$			1,073	\$	1,073
Fund balance, beginning of period						-		_
Prior period adjustment						(1,073)		
Fund balance, beginning of period restated						(1,073)		
Fund balance, end of period					\$	_		

SAFE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	W	Variance vith Final Budget
Revenue:							
DMV Fees	\$ 140,484	\$	395,090	\$	107,844	\$	(287,246)
Interest	 _	_	1,418		2,538		1,120
Total revenue	 140,484	_	396,508	_	110,382		(286,126)
Expenditures:							
Service and supplies	 102,900	_	260,100		264,523		(4,423)
Total expenditures	 102,900		260,100		264,523		(4,423)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 37,584	\$	136,408		(154,141)	\$	(290,549)
Fund balance, beginning of period					287,916		
Fund balance, end of period				\$	133,775		

Administration

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance vith Final Budget
Revenue:				
Local transportation fund	\$ 412,138	\$ 412,138	\$ 412,138	\$ -
Interest	 	 	 523	 523
Total revenue	 412,138	 412,138	 412,661	 523
Expenditures:				
Service and supplies	 412,138	 412,138	 426,413	 (14,275)
Total expenditures	 412,138	 412,138	 426,413	 (14,275)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 	\$ 	(13,752)	\$ (13,752)
Fund balance, beginning of period			 87,702	
Fund balance, end of period			\$ 73,950	

State Grants

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual		Variance vith Final Budget
Revenue:							
Aid from state governments	\$ 880,572	\$	961,268	\$	260,030	\$	(701,238)
Total revenue	 880,572	_	961,268	_	260,030	_	(701,238)
Expenditures: Service and supplies Total expenditures	 880,572 880,572	_	961,268 961,268	_	261,139 261,139	_	700,129 700,129
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ _	\$	_		(1,109)	\$	(1,109)
Fund balance, beginning of period					-		
Prior period adjustment				_	1,109		
Fund balance, beginning of period restated					1,109		
Fund balance, end of period				\$	_		

Mendocino Council of Governments <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION</u>

Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

						State		Regional Surface		
		Local	Lo	cal Bicycle		Transit	Tra	ansportation		
	Tra	insportation	•			Assistance	•			
		Fund		Fund	Fund			Fund		Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Current assets:										
Cash and investments	\$	531,924	\$	201,864	\$	154,553	\$	2,881,808	\$	3,770,149
Accounts receivable		519,100		-		90,656		610,072		1,219,828
Due from other funds		447,727						-		447,727
Total assets		1,498,751		201,864	_	245,209		3,491,880		5,437,704
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable		124,551		6,717		175,000		285,382		591,650
Total liabilities		124,551		6,717	_	175,000		285,382		591,650
NET POSITION										
Held in Trust		1,374,200		195,147		70,209		3,206,498		4,846,054
Total net position	\$	1,374,200	\$	195,147	\$	70,209	\$	3,206,498	\$	4,846,054

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES

IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Private Pu	rpo	se Trust				
	Local Transportation Fund		Local Bicycle & Pedestrian Fund		State Transit Assistance Fund		Regional Surface Transportation Program Fund			Total
Revenue:		1 0110			_	T GITG	_	1 0110	_	1000
Taxes	\$	3,473,193	\$	-	\$	325,423	\$	610,072	\$	4,408,688
Allocations		4,304		59,803		-		-		64,107
Interest		2,556		2,097	_	1,383		18,869		24,905
Total revenue		3,480,053		61,900	_	326,806	_	628,941		4,497,700
Expenditures:										
Administration, planning, bicycle & pedestrian		571,941		-		-		63,261		635,202
Capital projects		-		-		224,536		5,698		230,234
Local allocations and project awards		-		151,561		-		381,774		533,335
Senior operations		461,852		-		-		-		461,852
MTA operations		2,549,564		-		175,000		-		2,724,564
Total expenditures		3,583,357		151,561	_	399,536	_	450,733	_	4,585,187
Change in net position		(103,304)		(89,661)	_	(72,730)	_	178,208	-	(87,487)
Net position, beginning of period	_	1,477,504		284,808	_	142,939		3,028,290		4,933,541
Net position, end of period	\$	1,374,200	\$	195,147	\$	70,209	\$	3,206,498	\$	4,846,054

Mendocino Council of Governments STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	1	Local Transporta	tion Reserve Fur	nd										
	Balance			Balance										
	June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017										
<u>ASSETS</u>														
Cash and investments	\$ 174,881	\$ -	\$ 66,133	\$ 108,748										
Due from other funds	189,080		189,080											
Total assets	\$ 363,961	\$ -	\$ 255,213	\$ 108,748										
<u>LIABILITIES</u>														
Due to other funds	\$ 363,961	\$ -	\$ 255,213	\$ 108,748										
Total liabilities	\$ 363,961	\$ -	\$ 255,213	\$ 108,748										
	Capital Replacement Reserve Fund Balance Balance													
	June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017										
<u>ASSETS</u>			-	. <u> </u>										
Cash and investments	\$ 336,787	\$ -	\$ 172,519	\$ 164,268										
Due from other funds		174,711		174,711										
Total assets	\$ 336,787	\$ 174,711	\$ 172,519	\$ 338,979										
<u>LIABILITIES</u>														
Due to other funds	\$ 336,787	\$ 2,192	\$ -	\$ 338,979										
Total liabilities	\$ 336,787	\$ 2,192	\$ -	\$ 338,979										

SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND OPERATING TRANSFERS

Local Transportation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Public Utilities Code Section

	Fubic Ountes Code Section															
	9	9233.1		99233.2		99233.3		99260(A)		99400(A)	99400(B)		9	9400(C)		Total
Allocations:																
Mendocino Transit Authority	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,549,564	\$	-	\$	-	\$	473,057	\$	3,022,621
Mendocino Council of Governments		412,138		100,000		59,803		_		_		_		_		571,941
Total allocations		412,138		100,000		59,803		2,549,564				_		473,057		3,594,562
Expenditures:																
Mendocino Transit Authority		-		-		-		2,549,564		-		-		461,852		3,011,416
County of Mendocino		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
City of Fort Bragg		-		-		1,848		-		-		-		-		1,848
City of Point Arena		-		-		144,844		-		-		-		-		144,844
City of Ukiah		-		-		4,869		-		-		-		-		4,869
Mendocino Council of Governments		421,413		89,157				_		_		-		_		510,570
Total expenditures		421,413		89,157		151,561		2,549,564	_					461,852		3,673,547
Allocations over (under) expenditures		(9,275)		10,843		(91,758)		-		-				11,205	-	(78,985)
Over (under) expended allocations	\$	(9,275)	\$	10,843	\$	(91,758)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	11,205	\$	(78,985)

Mendocino Council of Governments SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES

State Transit Assistance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

	Public Utilities Code Section
	Operating Costs 6730(a)
Allocations:	
Mendocino Transit Authority	\$ 399,536
Total allocations	399,536
Expenditures:	
Mendocino Transit Authority	399,536
Total expenditures	399,536
Unexpended (overexpended) allocations	\$ -

R. J. RICCIARDI, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATUTES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT

Board of Directors Mendocino Council of Governments Ukiah, California

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Transportation Development Act Funds of Mendocino Council of Governments as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and have issued a report thereon dated January 22, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Mendocino Council of Governments Transportation Development Act Funds' basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. Additionally, we performed tests to determine that expenditures paid by Mendocino Council of Governments Transportation Development Act Funds were made in accordance with the California Transportation Development Act. Specifically, we performed each of the specific tasks identified in the California Code of Regulations Sections 6661, 6662 and 6751 that are applicable to Mendocino Council of Governments Transportation Development Act Funds. In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe Mendocino Council of Governments Transportation Development Act Funds failed to comply with the Statutes, Rules, and Regulations of the California Transportation Development Act. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Directors of Mendocino Council of Governments, the California Department of Transportation, and the State Controller's Office and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

San Rafael, California January 22, 2018